



PH Sports/Camps Safeguarding (Child Protection) Policy

PH Sports/Camps is committed to building a 'culture of safety' in which the children in our care are protected from abuse, harm and radicalisation.

PH Sports will respond promptly and appropriately to all incidents or concerns regarding the safety of a child that may occur. The Club's child protection procedures comply with all relevant legislation and with guidance issued by the Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB).

There will be a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) available at all times while the Club is in session. The DSL coordinates child protection issues and liaises with external agencies (eg Social Care, the LSCB and Ofsted).

The Club's DSL is **Peter Hickerton**.

Child abuse and neglect

Child abuse is any form of physical, emotional or sexual mistreatment or lack of care that leads to injury or harm. An individual may abuse or neglect a child directly, or by failing to protect them from harm. Some forms of child abuse and neglect are listed below.

- **Emotional abuse** is the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child so as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve making the child feel that they are worthless, unloved, or inadequate. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, though it may occur alone.
- **Physical abuse** can involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may be also caused when a parent or carer feigns the symptoms of, or deliberately causes, ill health to a child.
- **Sexual abuse** involves forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. This can involve physical contact, or non-contact activities such as showing children sexual activities or encouraging them to behave in sexually inappropriate ways.
- **Neglect** is the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and emotional needs. It can involve a failure to provide adequate food, clothing and shelter, to protect a child from physical and emotional harm, to ensure adequate supervision or to allow access to medical treatment.

PH Sports recognises other safeguarding issues: Child Sexual Exploitation, Female Genital Mutilation, bullying (including cyber-bullying), domestic violence, drugs, fabricated or induced illnesses, faith abuse, forced marriage, gangs and youth violence, gender-based violence/violence against women and girls, mental health, radicalisation, sexting, teenage relationship abuse, trafficking.

We will endeavour to identify and act upon any forms of abuse according to our procedures.

Signs of child abuse and neglect

Signs of possible abuse and neglect may include:

- significant changes in a child's behaviour
- deterioration in a child's general well-being
- unexplained bruising or marks
- comments made by a child which give cause for concern
- Inappropriate behaviour displayed by a member of staff, or any other person. For example, inappropriate sexual comments, excessive one-to-one attention beyond the requirements of their role, or inappropriate sharing of images.

If abuse is suspected or disclosed

When a child makes a disclosure to a member of staff, that member of staff will:

- reassure the child that they were not to blame and were right to speak out
- listen to the child but not question them

PH Sports Coaching Ltd. Unit 30 Evans Business Centre, Hampton Park West, Melksham, Wiltshire, SN12 6LH

Tel: 01225 701830 | www.phsports.co.uk |

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- give reassurance that the staff member will take action
- record the incident as soon as possible (see *Logging an incident* below).

If a member of staff witnesses or suspects abuse, they will record the matter straightaway using the **Logging a concern** form. If a third party expresses concern that a child is being abused, we will encourage them to contact Social Care directly. If they will not do so, we will explain that the Club is obliged to and the incident will be logged accordingly.

Peer-on-peer abuse

Children are vulnerable to abuse by their peers. Peer-on-peer abuse is taken seriously by staff and will be subject to the same child protection procedures as other forms of abuse. Staff are aware of the potential uses of information technology for bullying and abusive behaviour between young people.

Staff will not dismiss abusive behaviour as normal between young people. The presence of one or more of the following in relationships between children should always trigger concern about the possibility of peer-on-peer abuse:

- Sexual activity (in primary school-aged children) of any kind, including sexting
- One of the children is significantly more dominant than the other (eg much older)
- One of the children is significantly more vulnerable than the other (eg in terms of disability, confidence, physical strength)
- There has been some use of threats, bribes or coercion to ensure compliance or secrecy.

If peer-on-peer abuse is suspected or disclosed

We will follow the same procedures as set out above for responding to child abuse.

Extremism and radicalisation

All childcare settings have a legal duty to protect children from the risk of radicalisation and being drawn into extremism. There are many reasons why a child might be vulnerable to radicalisation, eg:

- feeling alienated or alone
- seeking a sense of identity or individuality
- suffering from mental health issues such as depression
- desire for adventure or wanting to be part of a larger cause
- associating with others who hold extremist beliefs

Signs of radicalisation

Signs that a child might be at risk of radicalisation include:

- changes in behaviour, for example becoming withdrawn or aggressive
- claiming that terrorist attacks and violence are justified
- viewing violent extremist material online
- possessing or sharing violent extremist material

If a member of staff suspects that a child is at risk of becoming radicalised, they will record any relevant information or observations on a **Logging a concern** form, and refer the matter to the DSL.

Logging a concern

All information about the suspected abuse or disclosure, or concern about radicalisation, will be recorded on the **Logging a concern** form as soon as possible after the event. The record should include:

- date of the disclosure, or the incident, or the observation causing concern
- date and time at which the record was made
- name and date of birth of the child involved
- a factual report of what happened. If recording a disclosure, you must use the child's own words
- name, signature and job title of the person making the record.



The record will be given to the Club's DSL who will decide on the appropriate course of action.

For concerns about **child abuse**, the DSL will contact Social Care (MASH). The DSL will follow up all referrals to Social Care in writing within 48 hours. If a member of staff thinks that the incident has not been dealt with properly, they may contact Social Care directly.

Children's Social Care referrals:

See numbers below in Area Contact Numbers

If you believe the child is at immediate risk of significant harm or injury, then you must call the police on 999.

For minor concerns regarding **radicalisation**, the DSL will contact the Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB). For more serious concerns the DSL will contact the Police on the non-emergency number (101), or the anti-terrorist hotline on 0800 789 321. For urgent concerns the DSL will contact the Police using 999.

Allegations against staff

If anyone makes an allegation of child abuse against a member of staff:

- The allegation will be recorded on an **Incident record** form. Any witnesses to the incident should sign and date the entry to confirm it.
- The allegation must be reported to the Designated Officer and to Ofsted. The Designated Officer will advise if other agencies (eg police) should be informed, and the Club will act upon their advice. Any telephone reports to the Designated Officer will be followed up in writing within 48 hours.
- Following advice from the Designated Officer, it may be necessary to suspend the member of staff pending full investigation of the allegation.
- If appropriate the Club will make a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service.

Promoting awareness among staff

The Club promotes awareness of child abuse and the risk of radicalisation through its staff training. The Club ensures that:

- the designated DSL has relevant experience and receives appropriate training in safeguarding and the Prevent Duty, and is aware of the Channel Programme and how to access it
- designated person training is refreshed every three years
- safe recruitment practices are followed for all new staff
- all staff have a copy of this **Safeguarding (Child Protection) policy**, understand its contents and are vigilant to signs of abuse, neglect or radicalisation
- all staff are aware of their statutory duties with regard to the disclosure or discovery of child abuse, and concerns about radicalisation
- all staff receive basic safeguarding training, and safeguarding is a permanent agenda item at all staff meetings
- all staff receive basic training in the Prevent Duty
- staff are familiar with the Safeguarding File which is kept **in your area's office**
- the Club's procedures are in line with the guidance in 'Working Together to Safeguard Children (2015)' and staff are familiar with the guidance in 'What To Do If You're Worried A Child Is Being Abused (2015)'.

Use of mobile phones and cameras

Photographs will only be taken of children with their parents' permission. Only the club leaders/managers phone will be used to take photographs of children at the Club, except with the express permission of the manager. Neither any other staff nor children may use their mobile phones to take photographs at the Club.



*Once photos have been uploaded/saved to a secure location they will be permanently deleted from these phones.

Area Contact numbers

	LADO <i>Local Authority Designated Officer</i>	MASH <i>Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub</i>
Bristol	Care Direct: 0117 922 2700 , 8.30am to 5pm, Monday to Friday. There's an answerphone service outside these hours.	0117 903 6444
Dorset	01305 221122	<p>If the child lives in Dorset contact: Telephone: 01202 228866 Email: MASH@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk</p> <p>If the child lives in Bournemouth, Christchurch or Poole, contact: Telephone: 01202 735046 Email: MASH@bcpcouncil.gov.uk</p> <p>Out of hours</p> <p>Bournemouth, Christchurch & Poole: 01202 738256 Email: childrensOOHS@bcpcouncil.gov.uk</p> <p>Dorset: 01202 228866 Email: MASH@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk</p>
Hampshire	01962 876364	<p>Hampshire Children Services</p> <p>0300 555 1384</p> <p>Southampton Children's Services</p> <p>023 8083 3336</p> <p>Email: mash@southampton.gov.uk Out of Hours (5:00pm - 8:30am): 023 8023 3344</p> <p>Portsmouth Children's Services</p> <p>Phone: 023 9268 8793</p> <p>Email: pccraduty@portsmouthcc.gcsx.gov.uk Out of Hours (5:00pm - 8:30am): 0300 555 1373</p>
North Somerset	01275 888 808 - Monday to Friday, 8am - 6pm 01454 615 165 - Out of hours and at weekends	01275 888 801 - Monday to Friday 8am - 6pm 01454 615 165 - Out of hours and at weekends
Somerset	Somerset Direct on 0300 123 2224 for a referral Emergency Duty Team (EDT) on 0300 123 23 27	Children's Social Care on 0300 123 2224 Email: childrens@somerset.gov.uk Emergency Duty Team (EDT) on 0300 123 23 27
Wiltshire	01225 713945 Out of Hours Emergency Duty Service (5.30pm to 9.00am): 0845 6070 888	0300 456 0108 Out of Hours Emergency Duty Service (5.30pm to 9.00am): 0845 6070 888



Other important contact numbers

Police: 101 (non-emergency) or 999 (emergency)

Prevent/Anti-terrorist hotline: 020 7340 7264 / 0800 789 321

NSPCC: 0808 800 500

Ofsted: 0300 123 1231

This policy was adopted by: PH Sports/Camps	Date: 01/09/2020
To be reviewed: September 2021	Signed: 

Written in accordance with the *Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage (2014): Safeguarding and Welfare requirements: Child Protection [3.4-3.8] and Suitable People [3.9-3.13]*.